

The beautifully marked rainbow trout, one of the world's most popular gamefish, prefers water cooler than 70 degrees.

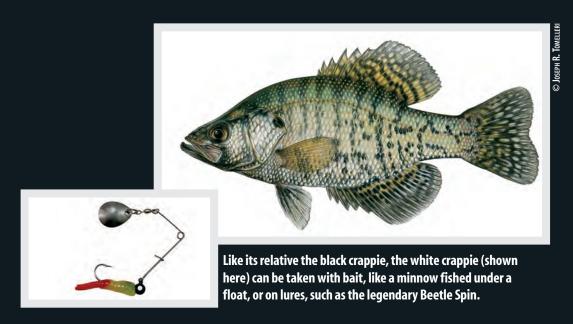


Fish finders have come a long way, as this HD Lowrance unit shows. This split screen reveals what lies under and to the sides of the boat, and it includes GPS mapping as well.



Found in freshwater across the country, the pugnacious bluegill is adored by anglers for its willingness to bite and its great taste.

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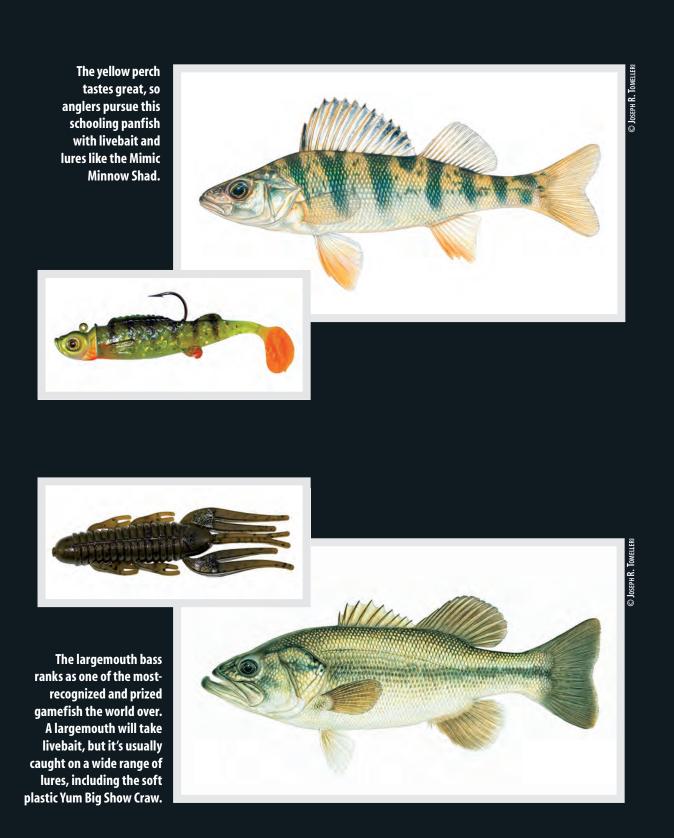


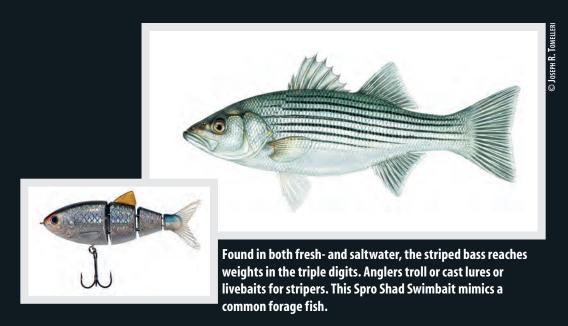


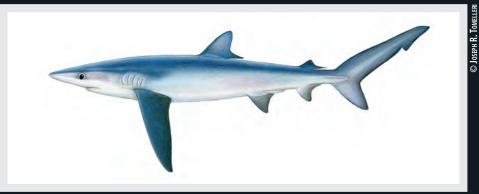
The channel cat is a hard-fighting gamefish widely stocked in ponds, reservoirs, and lakes everywhere. Its barbels (whiskers) help it locate food even in clouded water.



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Sharks, like the abundant blue shark, are sought by anglers for their hard, fast fight and feisty dispositions. Anglers often take them with livebaits like whole or cut fish.



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The halibut is a massive saltwater gamefish caught in the Pacific Northwest, where it prefers cool water. Caught on bait fished near the bottom, a halibut might fall for this Berkley Gulp! Saltwater Peeler Crab, made with natural, biodegradable ingredients.





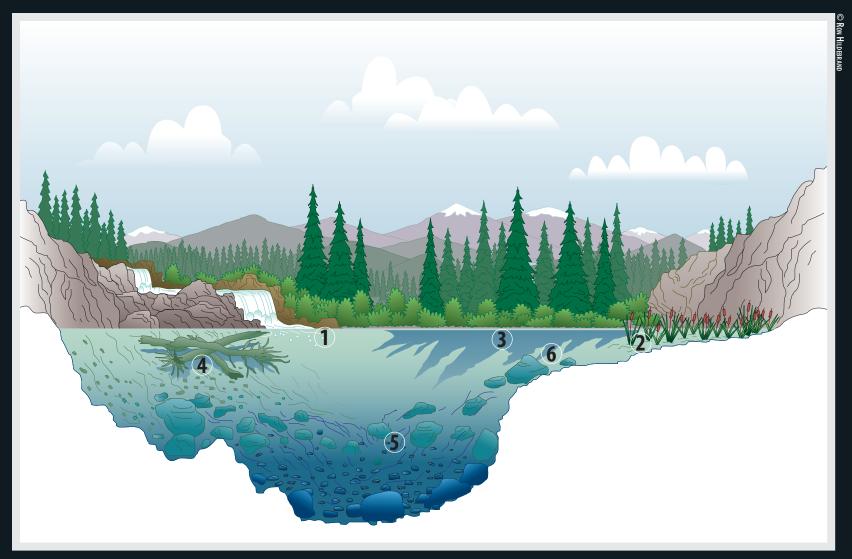


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The Pacific cod, like its relative the Atlantic cod, prefers cool water and can be found feeding near the bottom. Fished commercially for food, cod eat small fish and crabs, and maybe this Berkley Gulp! Shrimp.

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In this cutaway view of a typical lake, you can see features that are likely to concentrate gamefish. Look for visible clues, such as 1) places where streams enter or leave the lake, 2) weedbeds or stands of cattails, bulrushes, or other plants, and 3) shade, which can attract fish during high-sunlight periods. Also seek out cover and structure hidden beneath the surface, such as 4) submerged logs, 5) drop-offs and ledges, and 6) points where land trails into deeper water.